

# Herring River Restoration Project

An aerial photograph showing the Herring River restoration project. The river flows from the top left towards the bottom right, where it meets a larger body of water. The surrounding area is a mix of dense green forests and cleared, brownish-yellow land. In the distance, a coastal town is visible along a sandy beach and a larger body of water under a blue sky with scattered clouds.

## Restoration Overview

Herring River Stakeholders Group  
November 6, 2019



# The Restoration Project

## Objective:

- Restore the 1000+ acre Herring River Estuary
- Largest coastal wetlands restoration in Northeast

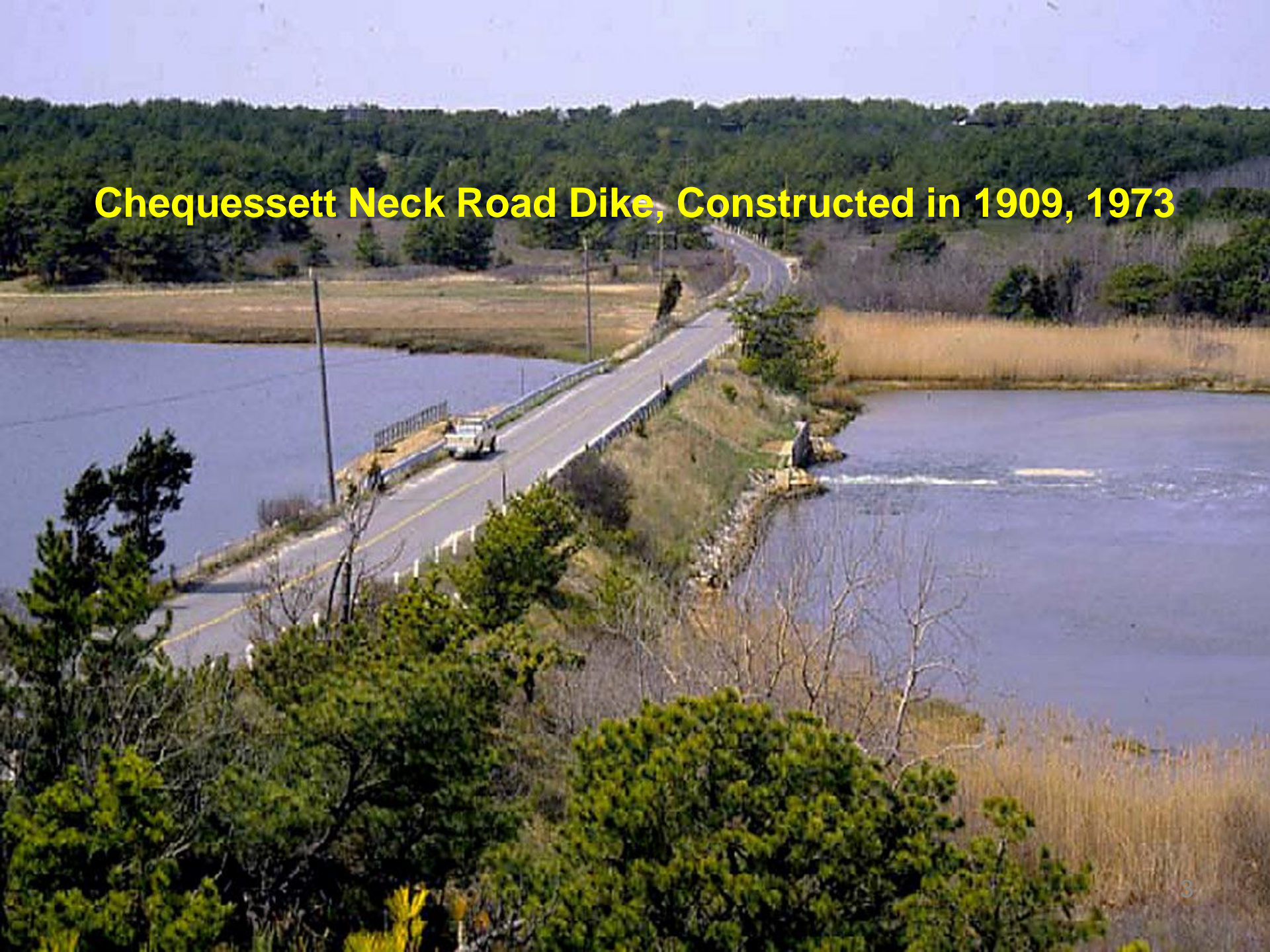
## How:

- Remove existing restrictions in the river
- Return natural tidal flow

## Why?

- Prevent ongoing degradation of the estuary
- Achieve ecological and social benefits
- Current tide gates are in poor condition

**Chequessett Neck Road Dike, Constructed in 1909, 1973**



# Original vs. current opening

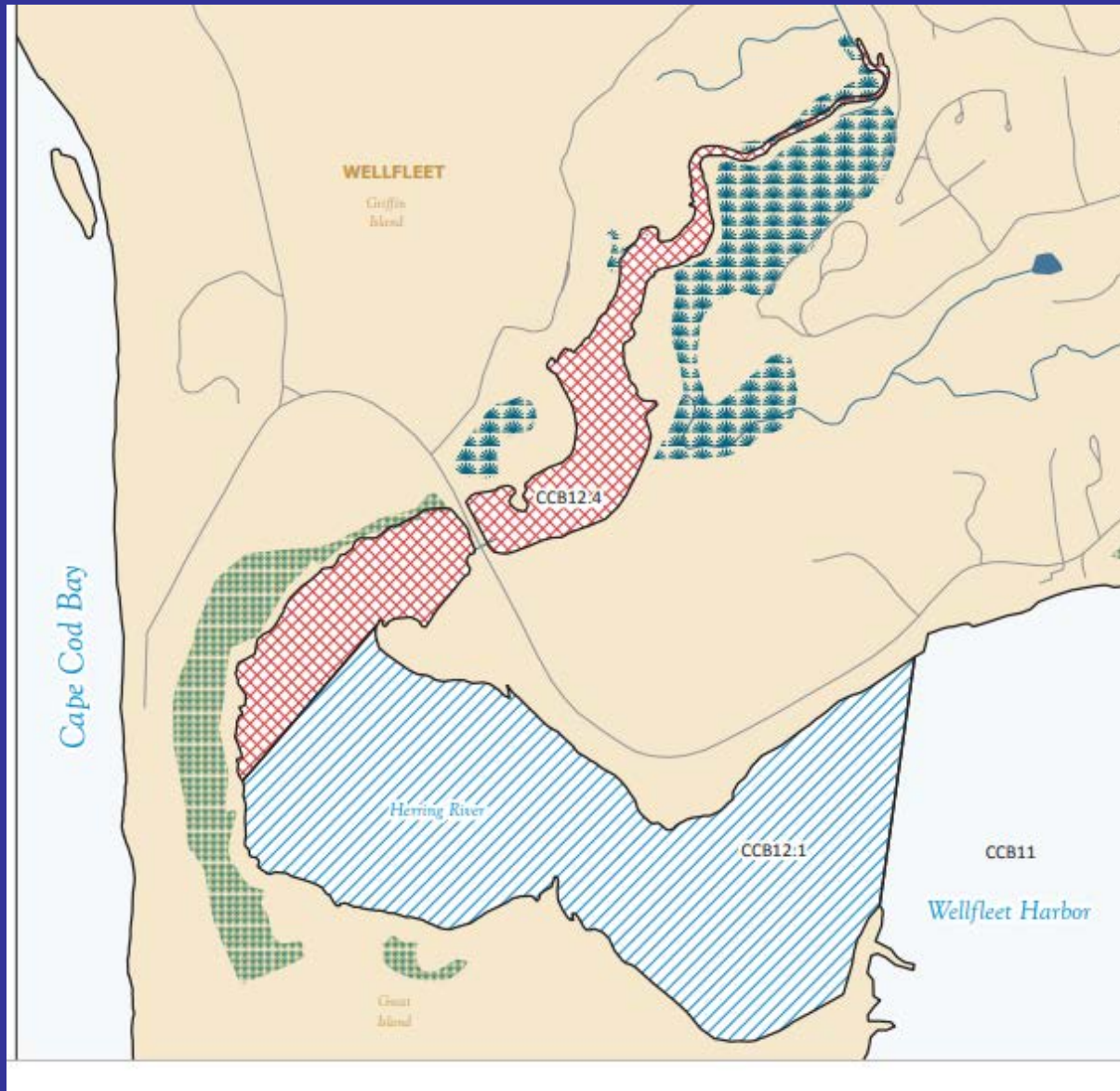


# What's wrong with Herring River Today

- **Classified as “Impaired Water”,  
in violation with the Clean Water Act:  
303 d list : EPA/DEP  
(fecal coliform, low pH, aluminum)**
- **CNR dike is a point source for bacterial  
contamination – shellfish closures (DMF)**
- **Marsh subsidence & acid sulfate soils;**
- **Sustained low dissolved oxygen**
- **Degraded river herring habitat**
- **Salt marsh lost – replaced by invasive species –  
carbon storage lost; huge methane emissions**



# Dike is Point-Source of Pollution-DMF



# Dike Breach in 1960s-1970s

- Herring River temporarily partially restored
- What happened then?
  - Oysters and soft-shell clams re-settled above the dike
  - “Fishing had never been better”
  - Mosquito production dropped
  - Salt marsh vegetation began to re-establish
  - Shellfish community and CC Mosquito Control Project petitioned for a bridge

# Dike Re-built



- Shellfish upstream of dike died
- Sediment collected downstream of dike
- Invasion of Phragmites
- Eventual fish and eel kills due to acidity and aluminum
- Eventual downstream shellfish bed closures



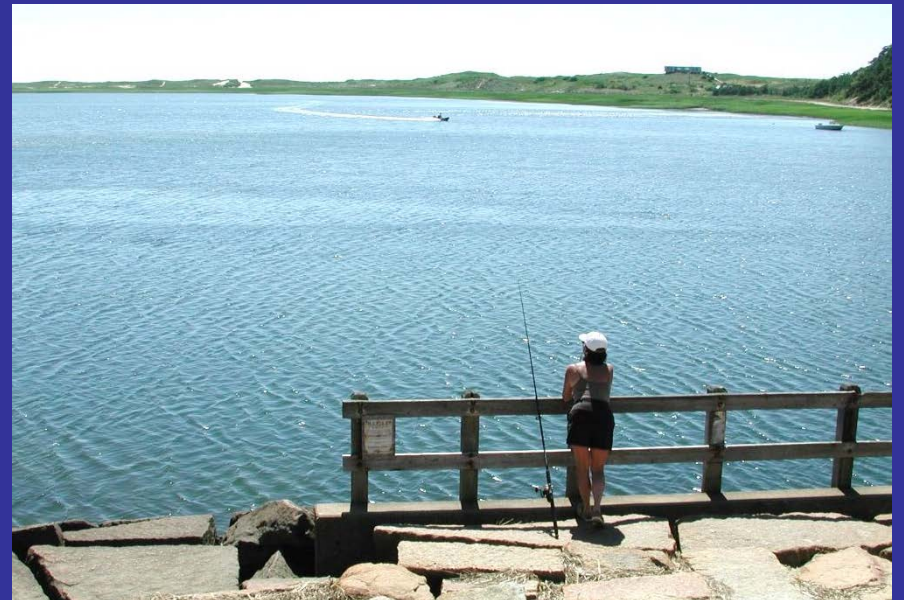
# Herring River Tomorrow

- Improve water quality
- Recover salt marsh and other estuarine wetlands – 570 ac. Ph. 1
- Enhance/re-open shellfish beds
- Recover river herring habitat
- Reclaim Habitat for Marine Species: Striped Bass, Winter Flounder, Diamond-back Terrapin
- Reconnect Gulf of Maine - Engine of Productivity for Near- and Off-Shore Marine Habitats



# Herring River Tomorrow

- Blue carbon & reduced methane emissions
- Habitats & Infrastructure Resilient to Sea Level Rise & Coastal Flooding
- Natural Mosquito Control
- Enhanced recreation, tourism
- Economic spending, blue economy



# Project Outreach

- Property Owners
- Stakeholder Groups
- Shellfish Advisory Board
- SPAT
- Wellfleet Shellfish Department
- Others

Outreach is always on-going

# Project Partners





Friends of Herring River

**Thank You**

**Herringriver.org**

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